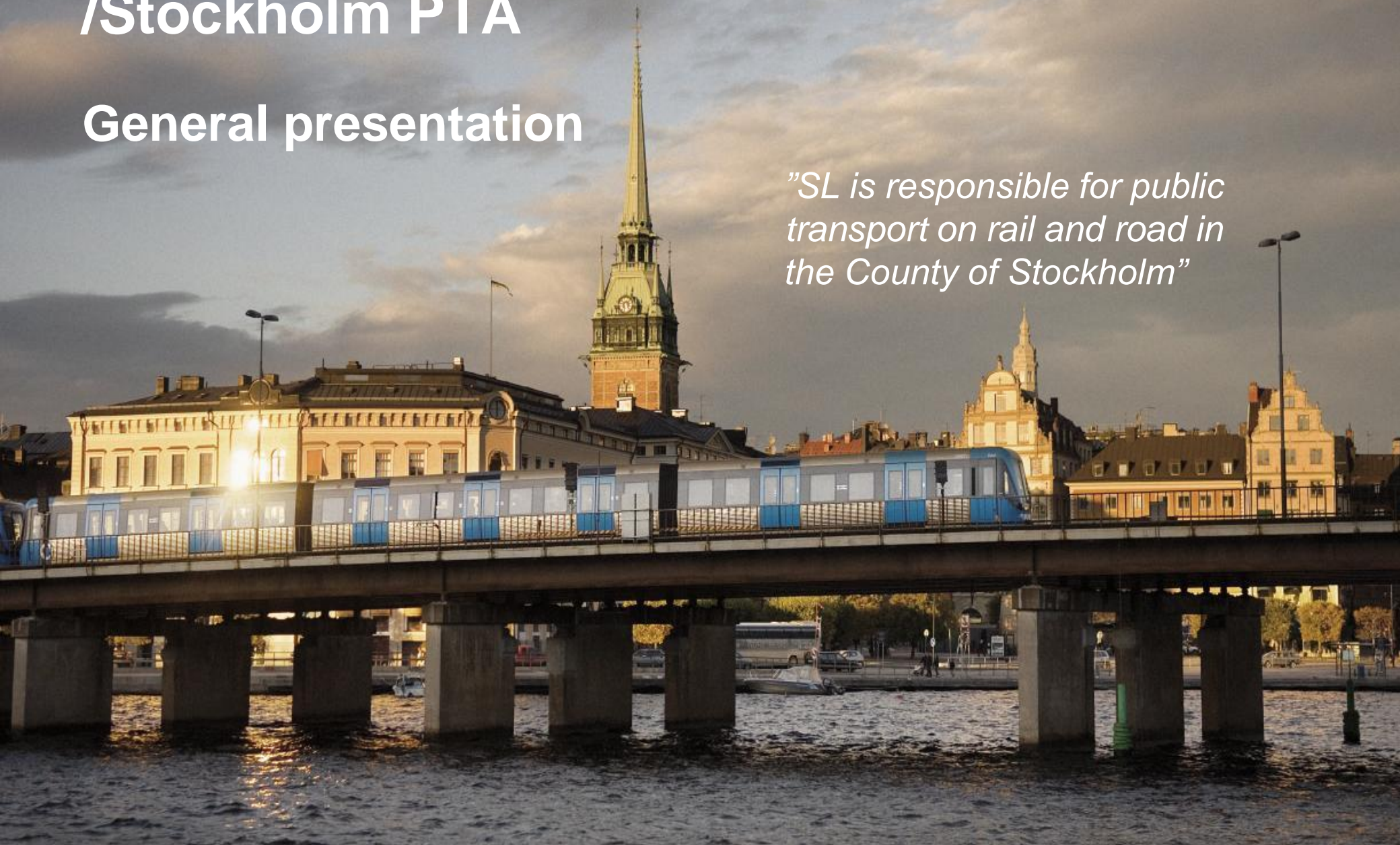


# AB Storstockholms Lokaltrafik (SL) /Stockholm PTA

## General presentation

*"SL is responsible for public transport on rail and road in the County of Stockholm"*



# County of Stockholm

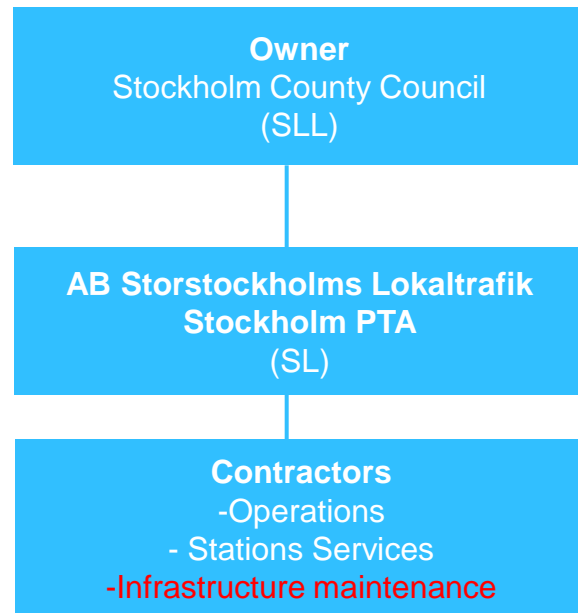
- Population 2 million
- 26 municipalities
- Land area 6,500 km<sup>2</sup>
- 160 km from north to south
  
- Every fifth Swede lives here
- Cars per thousand inhabitants

County of Stockholm:	393
Sweden:	459



# AB Storstockholms Lokaltrafik / Stockholm Public Transport

- Is a limited company owned by Stockholm County Council





# County Council = regional level

- Own parliament – County Council Assembly
- Independent power of taxation and decision
- Responsible for healthcare, dental care, public transport

There is a PTA in every county responsible for local and regional passenger transport, in Stockholm this is called SL.



18 County Councils



# SL in short

- Biggest public transport company (more than 50 %) in Sweden
  - 725,000 passengers / weekday
  - 42% overall market share in the Stockholm region
  - 80% during morning peak
  - 75% customer satisfaction
- 
- Zone-based prices
  - Funding: 50% taxes and 50% fares
  - Costs: 1,400 M Euro / year
  - Investments: 500 M Euro / year
  - 14,000 employees: 500 at SL, 13,500 at contractors



# Infrastructure managed by SL

The management of engineering and equipment represents a large part of SL's expenses:

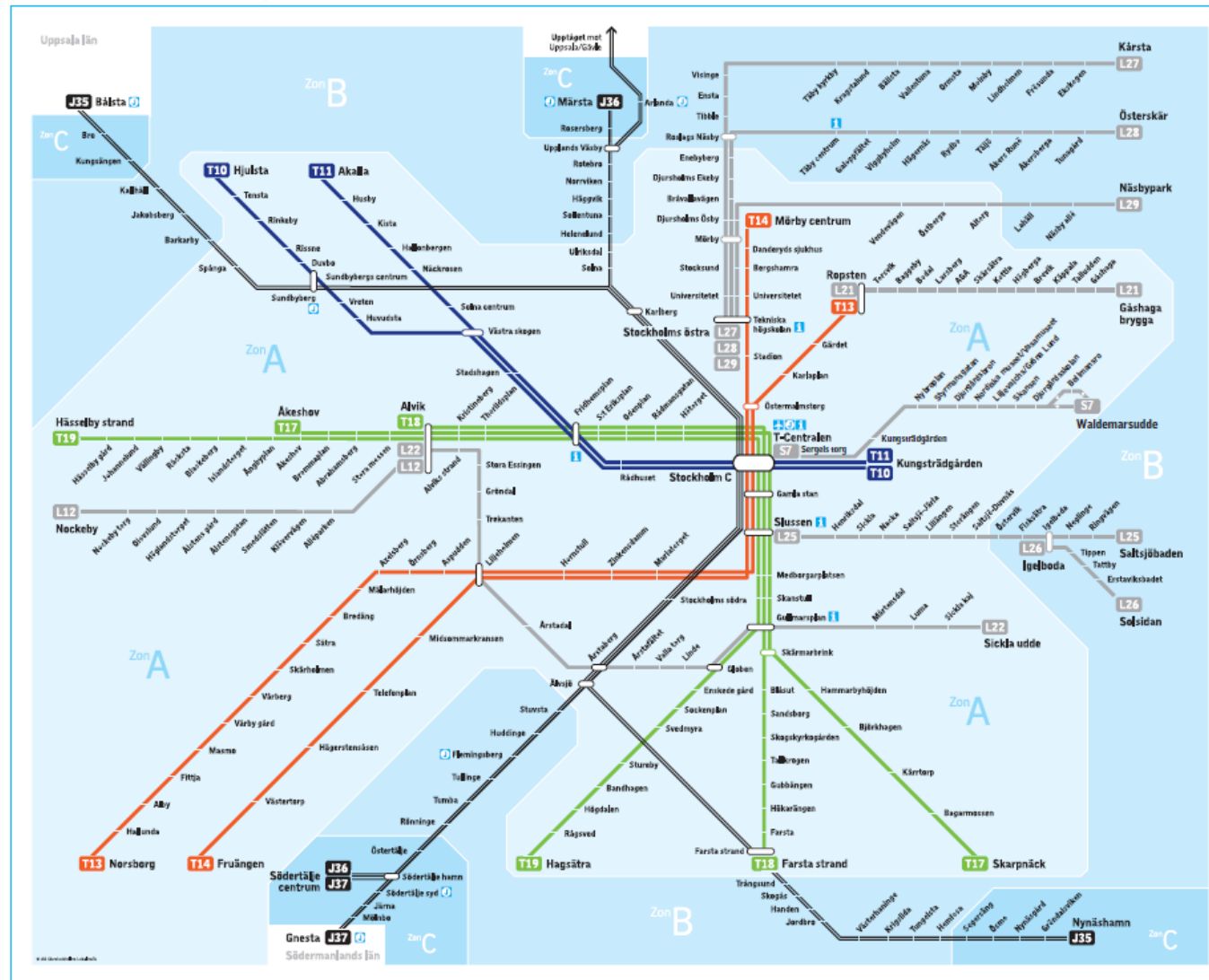
- 1,000 track vehicles
- 244 stations
- 900,000 m<sup>2</sup> property area
- 233 km track
- 167 bridges
- 32 depots

The value of the infrastructure managed by SL corresponds at present to SEK 100 billion.



# Stockholm rail system

	<b>Tunnelbana</b> Metro
	Höjningsbana Höjningsbana
	<b>Lokbaner</b> Light rail
	<b>Spårvagn</b> Tram
	<b>Pendeltåg</b> Commuter rail
	<b>Förklaringar</b> Key
	<b>Zoner</b> Zones



# Responsibility distribution for SL contracts

## SL

- Long term planning
- Integration and co-ordination of the SL-system (fares, quality levels etc)
- Infrastructure development incl. rolling stock and stations
- Procurement



## Operators

- Daily planning and operations
- Ticketing
- Local information
- Maintenance





# Major part of SL vehicles run on renewable energy

All track vehicles run on energy from wind- or hydropower

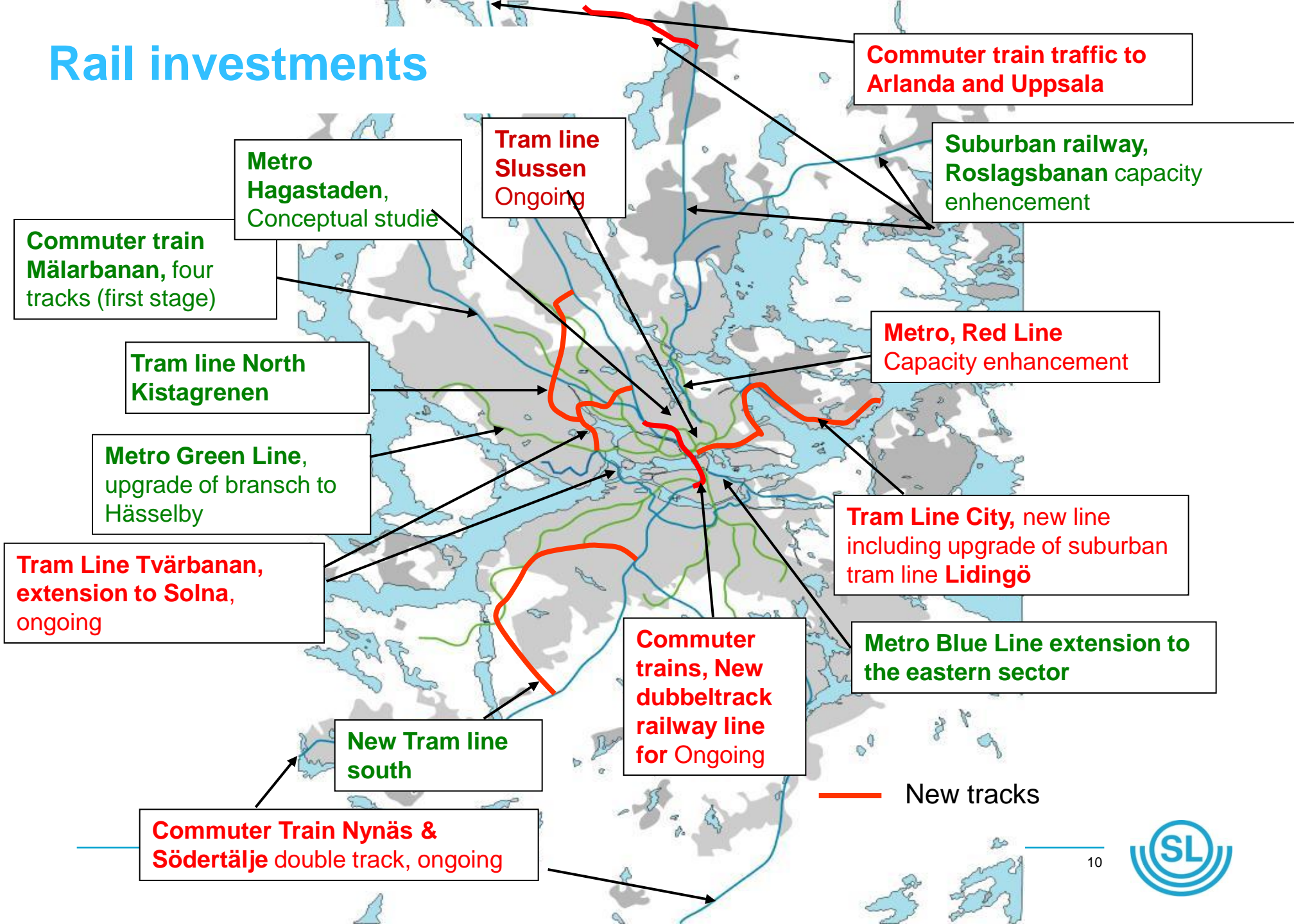
- Next step is lower energy consumption

Today > 50% of the buses run on renewable energy

- Target 2011 50%
- Target 2016 75%
- Target 2025 100%



# Rail investments





**Red line**

First section opened, year 1964

Number of stations 36  
Double track (km) 41  
- tunnels (km)  
-viaducts and bridge

Trains per hour and direction  
- planned  
Trains in traffic (140 metres)  
- planned  
Train Type C  
Depots  
- planned

Number of stations  
Double track (km)  
- tunnels (km)  
-viaducts and bridge

Trains per hour and direction  
- planned

Trains in traffic (140 metres) 51  
Train Type C20  
Depots 2



**Blue line**

First section opened, year 1975

Number of stations 20  
Double track (km) 25  
- tunnels (km) 23  
-viaducts and bridge 2  
Trains per hour and direction 20  
Trains in traffic (140 metres) 18  
Train Type CX and C20  
Depots 1



# The Programme Red line upgrade - RLU

## → Programme objective:

- The existing signalling system has to be exchanged due to age
- The oldest trains needs to be exchanged (type CX)
- The Capacity on the Red Line need to be increaed

## → And the challenge:

- The exchange of signalling system and trains must not affect ongoing traffic



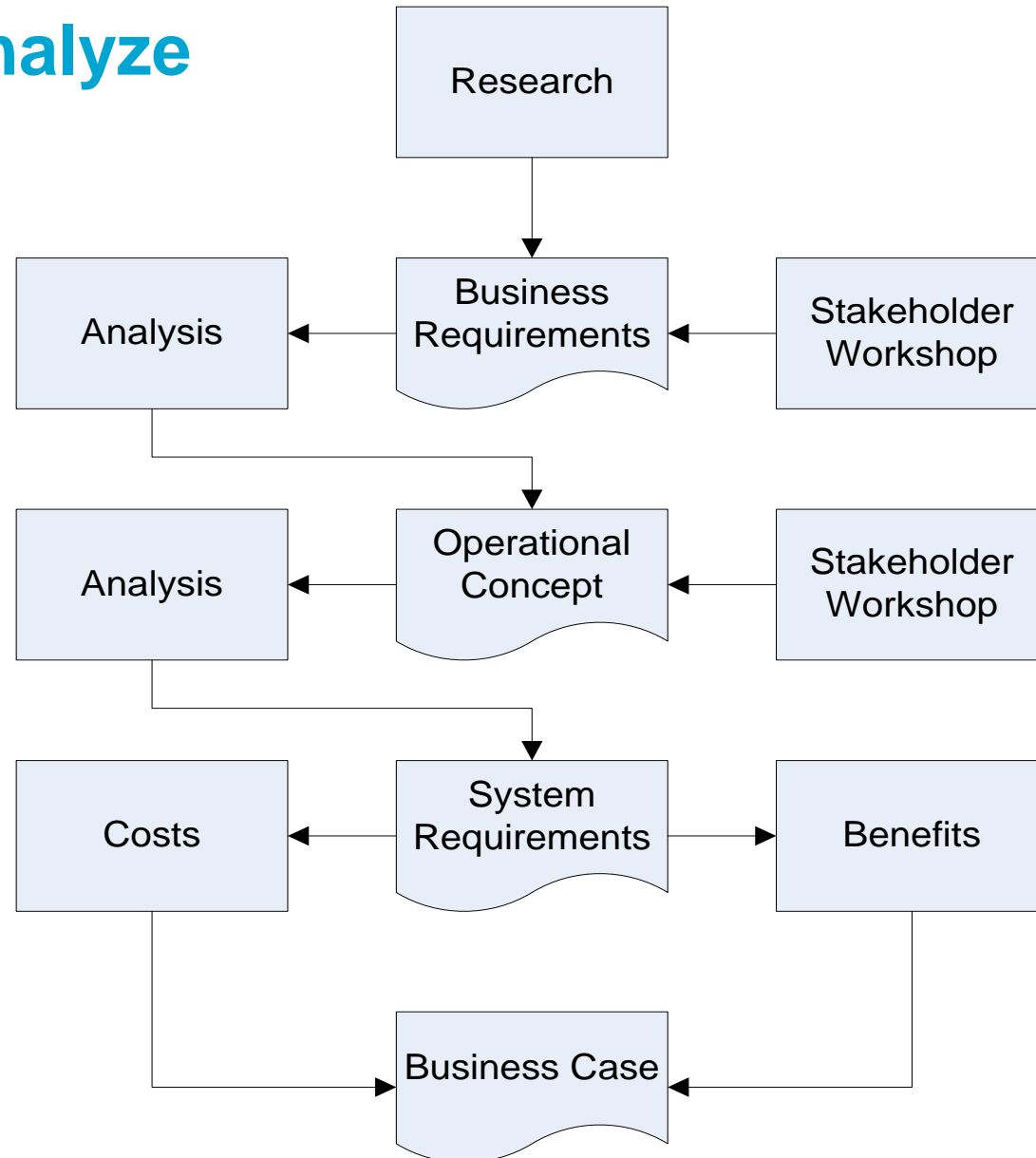


# Starting with the Signalling project, why CBTC?

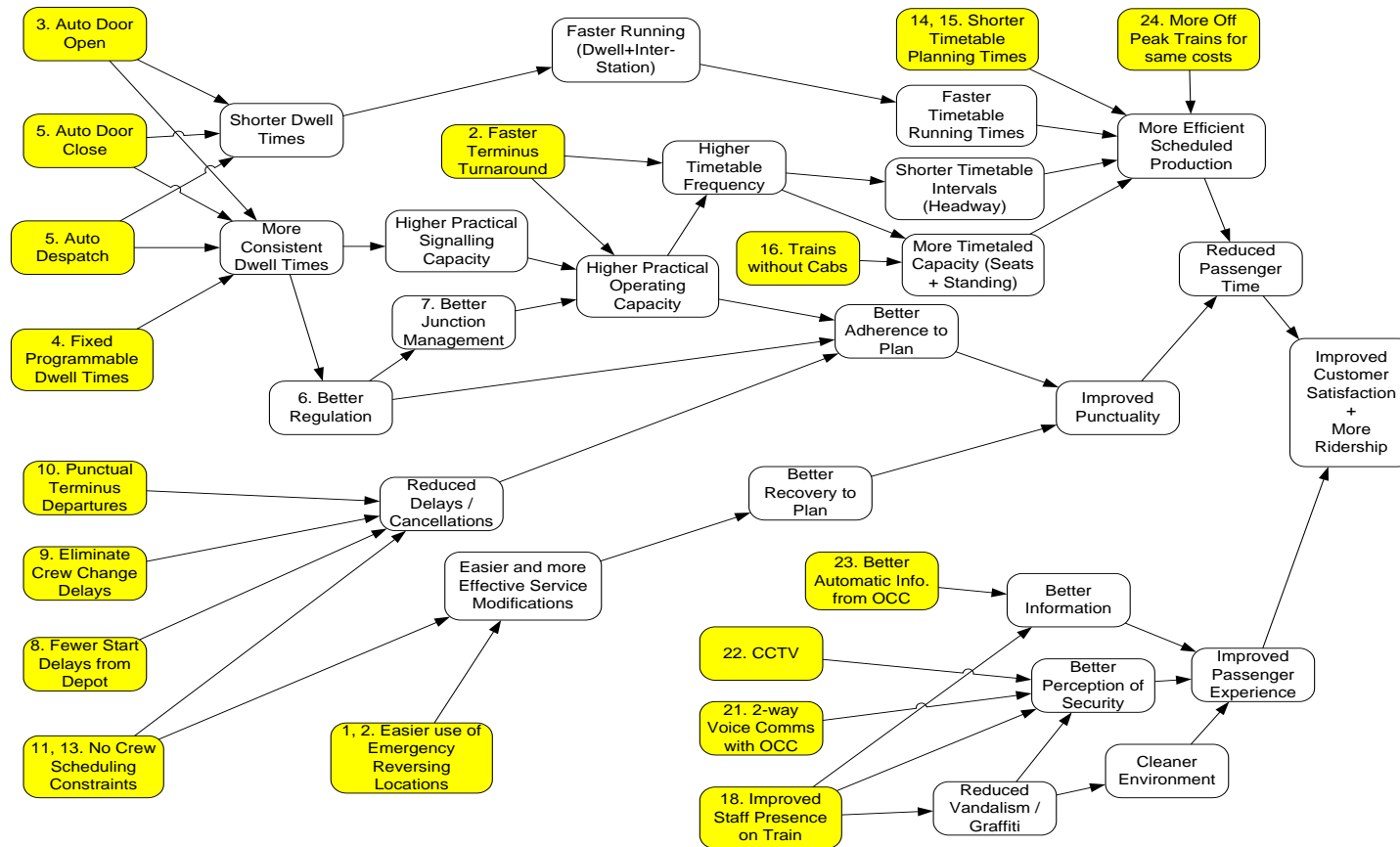
- A System Study started and the outcome was that SL should aim for a modern, robust system
- A change in technology would make it possible to have an overlay system and by that avoid the problems that arose at the change of signaling system on Green Line Metro
- An increase in capacity from 24 trains/h to 30 trains/h was needed
- New technology opened for the possibility to go for fully atomization of the Metro.
- The choice was to go for CBTC! But what grade of automation?



# Method of Analyze



# FAO Benefits Map



# Benefits of UTO

- Improved Operational Flexibility
- Faster Terminus Reversing
- More Consistent Dwell Times
- Increased Train Capacity
- Improved Customer Service and Staff Presence (Roaming Staff)
- Reduced Staffing Costs





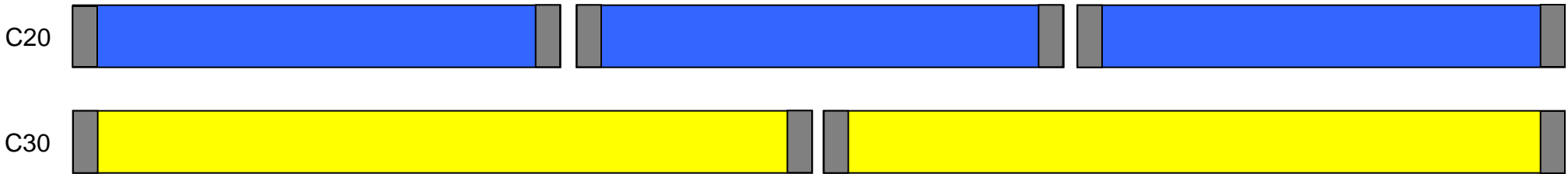
# Planned Migration Strategy

## → Rolling Stock

- Cx Trains should be phased-out and will not have any modifications
  - C20 Stock should be fitted with ATO,FAO and communications systems modifications during a single out-of-service period
  - New Stock should be delivered with all the FAO supporting systems
- The number of C20 trains is not enough to fill up the red line when the traffic is increased

# C30 Ny New Metro Trian

- A process for purchasing 26 new trains started
- The public tender process had to be stopped due to lack of budget
- New knowledge was taken into account:
  - Many possible options are expensive
  - Upgrade of old vehicles are difficult and expensive
  - Plattform screen doors sets restrictions



# C20 Concept

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1/3-vehicle

1/2-vehicle

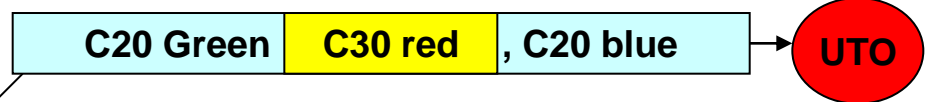




PSD must not be made impossible

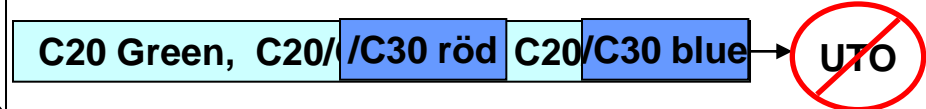
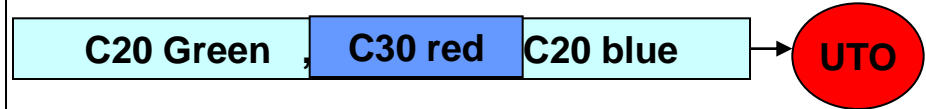
- + Best Passenger solution
- + Low axle loads
- Rebuilding of Depoes

Halftrain







Third Part train

- + Small rebuilding of Depoes
- Unique design
- Large axle Loads



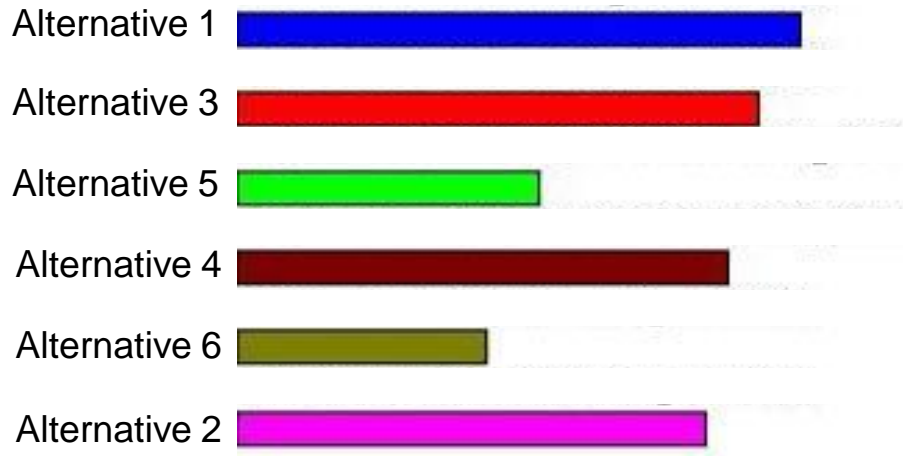
# Traffic alternatives

	Type of vehicle per track	Vehicle concept	Mode of operation	Number of C30 trains needed (final delivery)
1	C20 Green C30 Red C20 Blue	1/2-tåg		48 C30 trains (year 2020-2023)
2	C20 Green C20/30 Red C20 Blue	↑		39 C30 trains (year 2022)
3	C20 Green C30 Red C20 Blue	1/3-delståg		48 C30 trains (year 2023)
5	C20 Green C20/C30 Red C30 Blue	↓		37 C30 trains (year 2021)

# Investigation – Result

## Evaluation of traffic alternatives with FOI - Swedish Defense Research Agency

- Eight traffic alternatives were developed from the basic requirements
  - Enabling increase of traffic
  - Platform Screen Doors must be possible
- Six alternatives were evaluated in "Expert Choice"
- Different criterias identified and measured against each other
- All six alternatives where then evaluated against each other



- Four alternatives where relatively equal
- Sensitivity analysis show that the result is stable

## Status right now

- Ongoing development and installation of the CBTC system
- Ongoing procurement of 48 new C30 trains prepared for UTO
- Ongoing procurement of design and construction of the new depot in Norsborg
- Ongoing redesign of workshops in old depoes
- Ongoing investigations of actual solutions in how UTO can be implemented in Stockholm Metro

**Thank You !**

